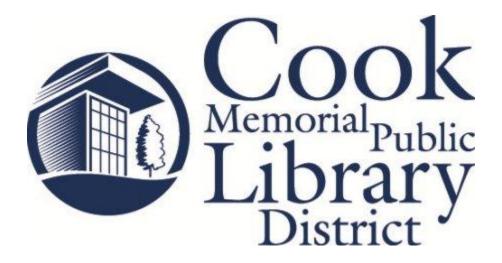
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



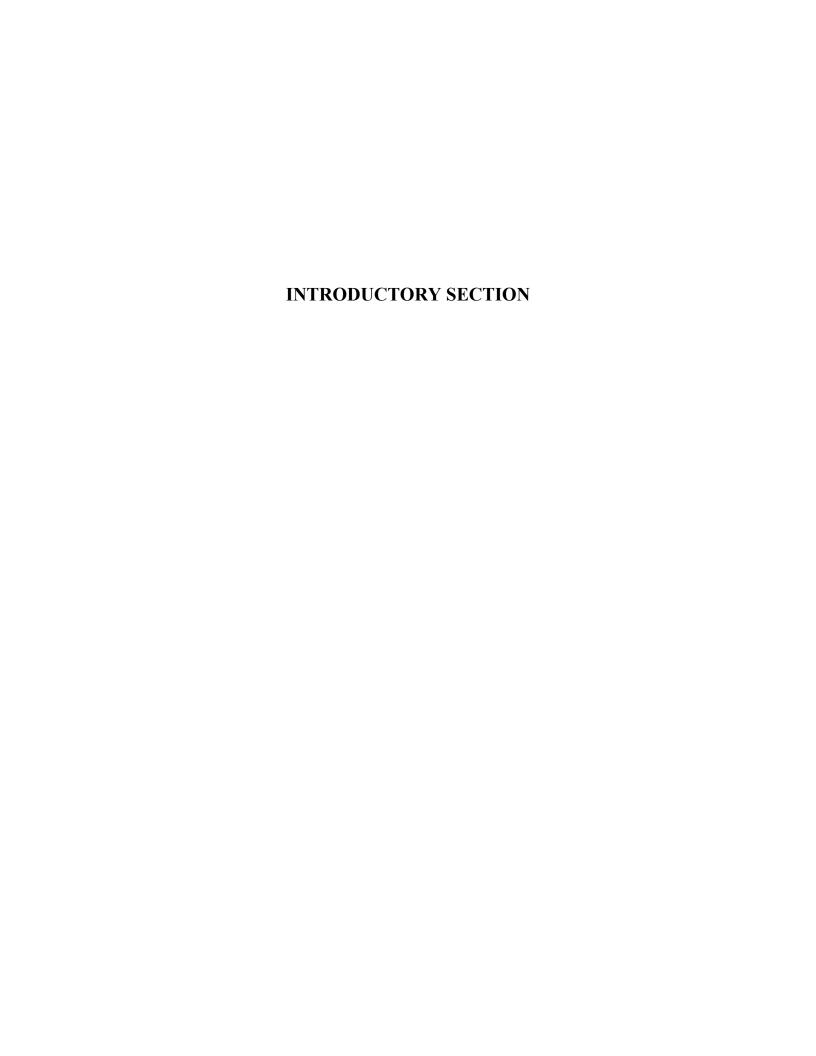
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

413 North Milwaukee Avenue Libertyville, IL 60048

Phone: 847.362.2330 www.cooklib.org

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Principal Officials June 30, 2024

### LEGISLATIVE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Deb Ader, President

Jim Larson, Vice President Sara Lawton, Trustee

Karen Singer, Secretary Kristen Palic, Trustee

Phyllis Dobbs, Treasurer Lisa Michaluk, Trustee

### **ADMINISTRATIVE**

David Archer, Library Director

Crystal Edwards, Finance Director

### FINANCIAL SECTION

### This section includes:

Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Required Supplementary Information

Other Supplementary Information

Supplemental Schedules

INDEPENDENT.	AUDITOR'S	REPORT
	~~ \	

This section includes the opinion of the District's independent auditing firm.



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

November 5, 2024

Members of the Board of Trustees Cook Memorial Public Library District Libertyville, Illinois

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cook Memorial Public Library District (the District), Illinois, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cook Memorial Public Library District, Illinois, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements - Continued

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and supplementary pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Cook Memorial Public Library District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Cook Memorial Public Library District, Illinois November 5, 2024

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

Our discussion and analysis of the Cook Memorial Public Library District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position increased from a balance of \$17,777,590 to \$18,387,755, an increase of \$610,165 or 3.4 percent.
- During the year, government-wide revenues totaled \$10,742,184, while government-wide expenses totaled \$10,132,019, resulting in an increase to net position of \$610,165.
- Total fund balances for the governmental funds were \$7,726,551 at June 30, 2024 compared to \$7,775,363 in the prior year, a decrease of \$48,812 or 0.6 percent.

### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances.

For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the District's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/ deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base, is needed to assess the overall health of the District.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements report functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include the cultural function.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District only maintains governmental funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, IMRF and Social Security Fund, and Special Reserve Fund, all of which are considered major funds. The Working Cash Fund is presented as a nonmajor fund.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds except the Special Reserve Fund and the Working Cash Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide benefits to its employees.

The combined statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the District, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$18,387,755.

	Net Position			
	6/30/2024	6/30/2023		
Current Assets	\$ 18,447,421	17,958,889		
Capital Assets	19,315,571	19,582,235		
Total Assets	37,762,992	37,541,124		
Deferred Outflows	1,980,179	2,861,933		
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	39,743,171	40,403,057		
Long-Term Liabilities	9,726,732	11,542,558		
Other Liabilities	1,280,484	1,074,973		
Total Liabilities	11,007,216	12,617,531		
Deferred Inflows	10,348,200	10,007,936		
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	21,355,416	22,625,467		
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,569,806	11,121,235		
Restricted	308,710	291,721		
Unrestricted	6,509,239	6,364,634		
Total Net Position	18,387,755	17,777,590		

A large portion of the District's net position (\$11,569,806 or 62.9 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, automated library system, library materials, and subscription assets - software) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion, \$308,710 or 1.7 percent of the District's net position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used (\$9,919 restricted for Donor and \$298,791 restricted for IMRF). The remaining \$6,509,239, or 35.4 percent, represents unrestricted net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued**

		Change in Net Position		
	6/30/2024 6/30/2023			
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	33,177	39,520	
Operating Grants/Contributions		92,282	113,730	
General Revenues				
Property Taxes		9,976,925	9,757,220	
Replacement Taxes		188,076	285,537	
Interest and Miscellaneous		451,724	307,324	
Total Revenues		10,742,184	10,503,331	
Expenses				
Culture and Recreation		9,901,524	10,144,046	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		230,495	246,657	
Total Expenses		10,132,019	10,390,703	
Change in Net Position		610,165	112,628	
Net Position - Beginning		17,777,590	17,664,962	
Net Position - Ending		18,387,755	17,777,590	

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from a balance of \$17,777,590 to \$18,387,755.

Revenues of \$10,742,184 exceeded expenses of \$10,132,019, resulting in the increase to net position in the current year of \$610,165.

### **Governmental Activities**

In the current year, governmental net position increased \$610,165 or 3.4 percent. Total revenues of \$10,742,184 included an increase of \$238,853 over previous year revenues of \$10,503,331 primarily due to increases in property taxes associated with an increase in the levy from the previous year.

Total expenses of \$10,132,019 decreased by \$258,684 over previous year expenses of \$10,390,703 due primarily to a decrease in expenditures from the culture and recreation function.

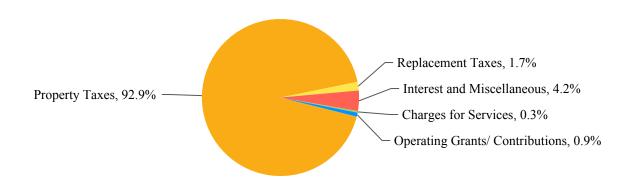
Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - Continued**

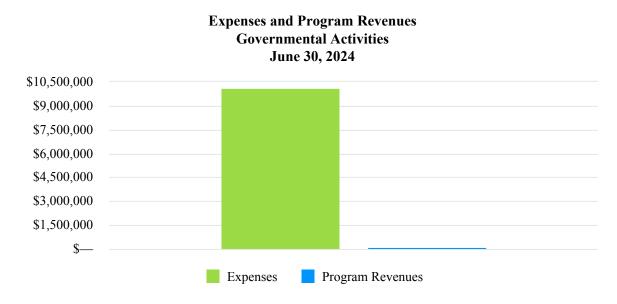
### **Governmental Activities - Continued**

The following table graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the District. It depicts very clearly the reliance of property taxes to fund governmental activities.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities June 30, 2024



The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Table identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues. Program expenses, then signify the District's reliance on general revenues such as property taxes to fund operations.



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,726,551 which is a decrease of 0.6 percent from last year's ending fund balance of \$7,775,363.

The General Fund reported an increase of \$29,209. The increase is primarily due to an increase in property taxes related to an increase in the tax levy from the previous year.

The IMRF and Social Security Fund reported a decrease of \$17,832, due primarily to tax and fund performance variances.

The Special Reserve Fund had a decrease of \$103,954, due primarily to capital projects expenditures exceeding interest income.

### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, no supplemental amendments were made to the budget for the General Fund.

The General Fund actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues. Actual revenues for the current year were \$9,840,191, compared to budgeted revenues of \$9,609,000. This resulted primarily from property taxes and interest income being \$32,983 and \$159,936 higher than the budgeted amounts of \$9,158,000 and \$120,000, respectively.

The General Fund actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures. Actual expenditures totaled \$9,810,982, while budgeted expenditures totaled \$10,502,016. This was due primarily to substantial savings realized versus the budgeted expenditures in the areas of personnel services and vehicle operations, maintenance, and community relation expenditures, along with smaller savings on other budget line items.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 was \$19,315,571 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, building, and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, automated library system, library materials, and subscription assets - software.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		
		6/30/2024	6/30/2023
Land	\$	1,008,500	1,008,500
Construction in Progress		19,269	_
Building and Improvements		15,495,758	15,871,275
Furniture and Equipment		416,847	531,491
Vehicles		_	3,691
Automated Library System		396,789	387,820
Library Materials		1,949,231	1,779,458
Subscription Assets - Software		29,177	_
			_
Total		19,315,571	19,582,235

This year's additions to capital assets included the below:

Construction in Progress	\$ 19,269
Building and Improvements	179,910
Furniture and Equipment	30,953
Automated Library System	151,075
Library Materials	477,983
Subscription Assets - Software	43,765
	902,955

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

#### **Debt Administration**

At year-end, the District had total outstanding debt of \$7,745,765 as compared to \$8,461,000 the previous year. During the current fiscal year, the District issued \$43,765 of Subscription Payable and retired \$759,000 of existing long-term debt.

State statutes limit the amount of debt a non-home rule governmental entity may issue to 2.875 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the District is \$104,076,760.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2025 budget, including the state of the economy, tax rates, and anticipated costs for maintaining services. The District continues to face a similar economic environment as other libraries, navigating current challenges while working to meet the needs of the community effectively.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Library Director, Cook Memorial Public Library District, 413 N. Milwaukee Avenue, Libertyville, Illinois 60048

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

**Fund Financial Statements** 

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

**See Following Page** 

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Investments	\$	13,250,517
Receivables - Net of Allowances		5,113,009
Prepaids		83,895
Total Current Assets		18,447,421
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Nondepreciable		1,027,769
Depreciable/Amortizable		30,088,929
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		(11,801,127)
Total Capital Assets		19,315,571
Total Assets		37,762,992
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Items - IMRF		1,980,179
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		39,743,171

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 190,013	
Accrued Payroll	182,657	
Accrued Interest Payable	91,997	
Compensated Absences Payable	40,636	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	775,181	
Total Current Liabilities	1,280,484	
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated Absences Payable	162,542	
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	2,593,606	
Debt Certificate's Payable	6,956,000	
Subscriptions Payable	14,584	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,726,732	
Total Liabilities	11,007,216	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	10,348,200	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,355,416	
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,569,806	
Restricted - Donor	9,919	
Restricted - IMRF	298,791	
Unrestricted	6,509,239	
Total Net Position	18,387,755	

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Program Rever	nues	
			Charges	Operating	Capital	Net
			for	Grants/	Grants/	(Expenses)/
	_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenues
Governmental Activities						
Culture and Recreation	\$	9,901,524	33,177	92,282		(9,776,065)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	Ψ	230,495	55,177	72,202		(230,495)
interest on Long-Term Deot	_	230,493		<u> </u>		(230,493)
Total Governmental Activities		10,132,019	33,177	92,282	<u> </u>	(10,006,560)
			C 1 D			
			General R	evenues		
			Taxes	_		
			-	y Taxes		9,976,925
			_	ernmental - Unre	stricted	
			Replace	ement Taxes		188,076
			Interest			395,987
			Miscella	neous		55,737
						10,616,725
			Change in	Net Position		610,165
			Net Positi	on - Beginning		17,777,590
			Net Positi	on - Ending		18,387,755

**Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024** 

**See Following Page** 

**Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024** 

	_	General
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	9,653,349
Receivables - Net of Allowances		
Property Taxes		4,697,743
Other		226
Prepaids		83,895
Total Assets	_	14,435,213
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		106,976
Accrued Payroll		182,657
Total Liabilities		289,633
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes		9,508,164
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,797,797
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable		83,895
Restricted		9,919
Committed		_
Assigned		975,000
Unassigned		3,568,602
Total Fund Balances		4,637,416
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	_	14,435,213

	Nonmajor	Special	IMRF and
Totals	Working Cash	Reserve	Social Security
13,250,517	_	2,871,538	725,630
5,112,783	_	_	415,040
226	<del>_</del>	_	_
83,895			<u> </u>
18,447,421		2,871,538	1,140,670
190,013	<del>-</del>	_	83,037
182,657		<del>_</del>	<del></del>
372,670	_	_	83,037
10,348,200	_	_	840,036
10,720,870		<u> </u>	923,073
83,895			
308,710	_	_	— 298,791
2,871,538	_	2,871,538	270,771
975,000	<u> </u>	<u></u>	_
3,487,408	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(81,194)
7,726,551		2,871,538	217,597
18,447,421	_	2,871,538	1,140,670

# Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 7,726,551
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	19,315,571
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.  Deferred Items - IMRF	1,980,179
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	1,960,179
period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences	(203,178)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(2,593,606)
Debt Certificates Payable	(7,717,000)
Subscriptions Payable	(28,765)
Accrued Interest Payable	(91,997)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	 18,387,755

Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position June  $30,\,2024$ 

**See Following Page** 

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	9,190,983
Intergovernmental		280,358
Charges for Services		32,777
Program Fees		400
Interest		279,936
Miscellaneous		55,737
Total Revenues		9,840,191
Expenditures		
Culture and Recreation		8,672,215
Capital Outlay		142,341
Debt Service		
Principal Payment		759,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		237,426
Total Expenditures		9,810,982
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures		29,209
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Debt Issuance		43,765
Transfers In		555,776
Transfers Out		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		599,541
Net Change in Fund Balances		628,750
Fund Balances - Beginning		4,008,666
Fund Balances - Ending		4,637,416

IMRF and	Special	Nonmajor	
Social Security	Reserve	Working Cash	Totals
785,942	_	_	9,976,925
_	_	<del>_</del>	280,358
_	_	<del>_</del>	32,777
			400
_	116,051	<del>_</del>	395,987
_	_	_	55,737
785,942	116,051	_	10,742,184
803,774	_	_	9,475,989
_	220,005	_	362,346
			759,000
_	_	<del>_</del>	237,426
803,774	220,005		10,834,761
000,771	220,000		10,02 1,701
(17,832)	(103,954)	_	(92,577)
_	_	_	43,765
_	_	_	555,776
_	_	(555,776)	(555,776)
	_	(555,776)	43,765
(17,832)	(103,954)	(555,776)	(48,812)
235,429	2,975,492	555,776	7,775,363
217,597	2,871,538	_	7,726,551

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (48,812)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	902,955
Depreciation Expense	(1,155,606)
Disposals - Cost	(602,415)
Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation	588,402
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related	
to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	(864,328)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Change to Compensated Absences Payable	(8,033)
Change to Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - IMRF	1,075,836
Issuance of Debt	(43,765)
Retirement of Debt	759,000
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	
does not require the used of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental Funds	 6,931
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	610,165

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Cook Memorial Public Library District (the District) is an Illinois local government. The District maintains two facilities, the Aspen Drive Library, Vernon Hills, and the Cook Park Library, Libertyville and operates a traveling bookmobile. The District's mission is to provide and promote open access to information, ideas, and creative expression and to encourage life-long learning and personal growth.

The government-wide financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

### REPORTING ENTITY

The District is a body and politic established under Illinois Complied Statues governed by an elected Board of Trustees. These financial statements present the District's reporting entity as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District is considered to be a primary government since its Board of Trustees is separately elected and the District is fiscally independent.

The District has developed criteria to determine whether organizations with separate governing boards meet the criteria of a component unit. The criteria include whether the potential component unit is legally separate, and whether the District is financially accountable for the organization. There is no entity included as a component unit, and the District is not considered to be a component unit of any other government unit.

### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). The District's culture and recreation services are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. These functions are supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### **BASIS OF PRESENTATION - Continued**

#### **Government-Wide Statements - Continued**

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

*General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District which are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specified purpose. The District maintains one major special revenue fund, the IMRF and Social Security Fund.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Special Reserve Fund is a major fund.

*Permanent Funds* are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earning, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. The District maintains one nonmajor permanent fund.

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### **Measurement Focus**

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued**

#### **Measurement Focus - Continued**

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end.

The District recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due, if applicable.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, utility taxes, hotel/motel taxes, fines, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

### **Cash and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

### **Receivables**

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

### **Prepaids**

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation/amortization on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Improvements	5 - 40 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 15 Years
Vehicles	8 Years
Automated Library System	5 Years
Library Materials	7 Years
Subscription Assets - Software	3 Years

### **Compensated Absences**

The District provides paid vacation for all full-time employees based on their job classification or the number of years of service. The District's policy allows employees to accumulate unused vacation days up to thirty-five days. These days are then paid to the employee based on their salary upon retirement or termination. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. In addition, all full-time employees accrue sick leave at the rate of one day per month to a maximum of 240 working days. Since these accumulated sick days are not payable when the employee leaves employment there is no sick pay accrued at year end.

### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY - Continued

#### **Net Position**

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

The District's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. As prescribed by the statutes, the District in its budgeting process includes as a resource (amount available for current expenditures) a portion of the fund balance what has been accumulated in prior years. The budgets must be approved within 90 days after the beginning of the fiscal year.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Board of Trustees adopts a Budget and Appropriation Ordinance
- 2. Notice is published in the paper that the tentative Annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinance are available for public inspection.
- 3. Budget hearings are conducted, 30 days after publication.
- 4. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the Board of Trustees.
- 5. The budget may be amended by the Board of Trustees.
- 6. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the prior year.
- 7. A certified copy of the Annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinance must be filed with the County Clerk within 30 days of adoption.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, there were no amendments to the operating budget. The original and final budget amounts presented represent the original operating budget and final operating budget. The budget was approved on September 20, 2023 for all funds, except the Special Reserve Fund and the Working Cash Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Illinois Statutes authorizes the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold.

*Deposits*. At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$9,693,292 and the bank balances totaled \$9,822,644.

*Investments*. The District has the following investment fair values and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More Than 10	
Corporate Bonds	\$ 3,185,000	1,715,000	1,470,000			
Illinois Funds	 372,225	372,225			_	
	2.555.225	2 007 225	1 470 000			
	 3,557,225	2,087,225	1,470,000			

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end:

- Corporate Bonds of \$3,185,000 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Illinois Funds of \$372,225 are valued using the Net Asset Value (NAV)

Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is the policy of the District to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return and ensure the safety of principal while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the District and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy in order of priority are safety, liquidity and return on investment. The District's investment policy does not limit the District's investment portfolio to specific maturities, although it does state that the Treasurer shall establish a maximum maturity limit.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued**

#### **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued**

*Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment policy does not address credit risk. At year-end, the District's investments in the Illinois Funds were rated AAAmmf by Fitch. The corporate bonds ratings are not available.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy states that balances in all deposit accounts will not exceed the insured amount. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy states that investments will only be made in securities guaranteed by the U.S. government or insured accounts.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy does not address concentration risk. At year-end, the District does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio.

#### PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2023 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically to the District. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience.

#### INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
General	Working Cash	\$ 555,776
	•	

The Library transferred the remaining fund balance in the Working Cash Fund to the General Fund as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
•	\$ 1,008,500	_		1,008,500
Construction in Progress		19,269	_	19,269
	1,008,500	19,269	_	1,027,769
Depreciable/Amortization Capital Assets				
Building and Improvements	22,456,040	179,910	_	22,635,950
Furniture and Equipment	2,637,741	30,953	2,345	2,666,349
Vehicles	224,914	_	_	224,914
Automated Library System	782,570	151,075	22,725	910,920
Library Materials	3,706,393	477,983	577,345	3,607,031
Subscription Assets - Software		43,765	_	43,765
	29,807,658	883,686	602,415	30,088,929
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization				
Building and Improvements	6,584,765	555,427	_	7,140,192
Furniture and Equipment	2,106,250	145,597	2,345	2,249,502
Vehicles	221,223	3,691	_	224,914
Automated Library System	394,750	128,093	8,712	514,131
Library Materials	1,926,935	308,210	577,345	1,657,800
Subscription Assets - Software	_	14,588	_	14,588
	11,233,923	1,155,606	588,402	11,801,127
Total Net Depreciable/Amortization Capital Assets	18,573,735	(271,920)	14,013	18,287,802
Total Net Capital Assets	19,582,235	(252,651)	14,013	19,315,571

Depreciation expense of \$1,155,606 was charged to the culture and recreation function.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued**

#### **LONG - TERM DEBT**

#### **Debt Certificates**

The District issues debt certificates to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Debt certificates have been issued for the governmental activities. Debt certificate currently outstanding are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Issue	Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Balances
General Obligation Refunding Debt Certificates (Limited Tax) of 2015A - Due in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$330,000 plus interest at 2.31% through February 1, 2028.		_	325,000	1,110,000
Refunding Debt Certificates of 2016 - Due in annual installments of \$325,000 to \$770,000 plus interest at 1.84% through February 1, 2029.		_	340,000	2,475,000
Debt Certificates of 2019 - Due in annual installments of \$72,000 to \$465,000 plus interest at 3.62% through February 1, 2039.	4,211,000		79,000	4,132,000
	8,461,000		744,000	7,717,000

### **Subscriptions Payable**

The District has the following subscriptions payable at year end

 Subscriptions	Term Length	Start Date	Payments	Interest Rate
Communico	3 Years	July 1, 2023	\$15,000	2.85%

The future principal and interest subscription arrangement payments as of the year-end were as follows:

Fiscal	G	Governmental Activities				
Year	]	Principal	Interest			
2025 2026	\$	14,181 14,584	819 416			
		28,765	1,235			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued**

### **Long-Term Liability Activity**

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 195,145	16,066	8,033	203,178	40,636
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	3,669,442	_	1,075,836	2,593,606	_
Debt Certificates	8,461,000	_	744,000	7,717,000	761,000
Subscriptions Payable		43,765	15,000	28,765	14,181
	12,325,587	59,831	1,842,869	10,542,549	815,817

Payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liability, the debt certificates, and the subscriptions payable are made by the General Fund.

### **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

Fiscal	Debt Certificate				
Year		Principal	Interest		
2025	\$	761,000	220,792		
2026		778,000	203,700		
2027		795,000	186,368		
2028		813,000	168,756		
2029		830,000	151,728		
2030		96,000	135,388		
2031		350,000	131,912		
2032		362,000	119,242		
2033		375,000	106,138		
2034		389,000	92,564		
2035		403,000	78,482		
2036		418,000	63,894		
2037		433,000	48,762		
2038		449,000	33,086		
2039		465,000	16,840		
Total		7,717,000	1,757,652		

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued**

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued**

#### Legal Debt Margin

Chapter 50, Section 405/1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes provides "...no county having a population of less than 500,000 and no township, school district or other municipal corporation having a population of less than 300,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying the governmental unit's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

Assessed Valuation - 2023	\$ 3,620,061,217
Legal Debt Limit - 2.875% of Assessed Value	104,076,760
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit	
None applicable	_
Legal Debt Margin	104,076,760

#### NET POSITION CLASSIFICATIONS

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 19,315,571
Less Capital Related Debt:	
General Obligation Refunding Debt Certificates (Limited Tax) of 2015A	(1,110,000)
Refunding Debt Certificates of 2016	(2,475,000)
Debt Certificates of 2019	(4,132,000)
Subscriptions Payable	(28,765)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11.569.806

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued**

#### FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds financial statements, the District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

*Nonspendable Fund Balance.* Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

*Unassigned Fund Balance*. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

*Minimum Fund Balance Policy*. The District's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to no less than three months of budgeted operating expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued**

#### **FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued**

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	General	IMRF and Social Security	Special Reserve	Nonmajor Working Cash	Totals
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Prepaids	\$ 83,89	5 —	_		83,895
Restricted	0.01	0			0.010
Donor Restricted	9,91				9,919
IMRF		- 298,791			298,791
	9,91	9 298,791			308,710
Committed Special Reserve			2,871,538		2,871,538
Assigned					
Capital Improvements	975,00	0 —			975,000
Unassigned	3,568,60	2 (81,194)	_		3,487,408
Total Fund Balances	4,637,41	6 217,597	2,871,538		7,726,551

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to the District's employees. The District has purchased insurance from private insurance companies. Risks covered included certain types of liabilities and bonds. The District currently reports all its risk management activities in the General Fund. There were no significant changes in insurance coverages from the prior year and settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### Litigation

The District is not a defendant in any lawsuits.

#### **Grants**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The District contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at <a href="www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

#### **Plan Descriptions**

*Plan Administration*. All hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

#### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

#### **Plan Descriptions - Continued**

Benefits Provided - Continued. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

*Plan Membership.* As of December 31, 2023, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	244
Active Plan Members	94_
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	45
Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	105

*Net Pension Liability*. The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

#### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

#### **Plan Descriptions - Continued**

Contributions. As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended June 30, 2024, the District's contribution was 9.08% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2023, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
	Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

**Actuarial Assumptions** 

Interest Rate 7.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75%

Cost of Living Adjustments 2.75%

Inflation 2.25%

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

#### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

#### **Plan Descriptions - Continued**

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued.

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	24.50%	4.75%
Domestic Equities	34.50%	5.00%
International Equities	18.00%	6.35%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.30%
Blended	11.50%	6.05% - 8.65%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	3.80%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### **Discount Rate Sensitivity**

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase			
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)			
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,484,854	2,593,606	215,371			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

### **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$ 25,998,232	22,328,790	3,669,442
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	436,625	_	436,625
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,846,632	_	1,846,632
Changes of Benefit Terms	_	_	_
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	282,066	_	282,066
Changes of Assumptions	4,313	_	4,313
Contributions - Employer	_	386,097	(386,097)
Contributions - Employees	_	206,323	(206,323)
Net Investment Income	_	2,417,163	(2,417,163)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,491,511)	(1,491,511)	_
Other (Net Transfer)	_	635,889	(635,889)
Net Changes	1,078,125	2,153,961	(1,075,836)
Balances at December 31, 2023	27,076,357	24,482,751	2,593,606

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

#### Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$203,836. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	507,380	_	507,380
Change in Assumptions		2,915	_	2,915
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,297,665	_	1,297,665
Total Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods		1,807,960	_	1,807,960
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		172,219		172,219
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF		1,980,179		1,980,179

\$172,219 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

1,0	t Deferred		
C	Outflows/		
(	Inflows)		
of	Resources		
\$	547,079		
	533,870		
	888,586		
	(161,575)		
	_		
	1,807,960		
	of :		

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued**

#### OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District has evaluated its potential other post-employment benefits liability. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the District are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, there is minimal participation. As the District provides no explicit benefit, and there is minimal participation, there is no material implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Therefore, the District has not recorded a liability as of June 30, 2024.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
  Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
   General Fund
   IMRF and Social Security Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary information - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined entribution	in l the De	ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined entribution	Ex	ribution cess/ ciency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	414,499	\$	414,499	\$		\$ 3,287,096	12.61%
2016		421,959		421,959		_	3,332,844	12.66%
2017		420,868		420,868			3,405,116	12.36%
2018		443,390		443,390			3,594,612	12.33%
2019		417,133		417,133			3,673,393	11.36%
2020		428,737		428,737			3,769,155	11.37%
2021		454,731		454,731			3,723,031	12.21%
2022		447,612		447,612		_	4,114,169	10.88%
2023		415,549		415,549		_	4,406,188	9.43%
2024		415,344		415,344		_	4,575,135	9.08%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 20 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.75% to 13.75%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) June 30, 2024

	 12/31/2014	12/31/2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 380,529	360,561
Interest	1,198,261	1,283,279
Changes in Benefit Terms	_	_
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(352,253)	496,699
Change of Assumptions	770,231	40,855
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	 (801,683)	(855,893)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,195,085	1,325,501
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 16,208,719	17,403,804
Total Pension Liability - Ending	 17,403,804	18,729,305
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Other (Net Transfer)	\$ 384,647 143,830 914,607 (801,683) (120,083)	423,441 156,355 77,567 (855,893) 331,609
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Net Position - Beginning	 521,318 15,130,160	133,079 15,651,478
Plan Net Position - Ending	 15,651,478	15,784,557
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 1,752,326	2,944,748
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	89.93%	84.28%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,178,852	3,315,165
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	55.12%	88.83%

*Changes of Assumptions.* Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2014 through 2018 and 2020. Changes in assumptions related to the demographics were made in 2014, 2017 and 2023.

12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022	12/31/2023
372,295	373,662	363,495	385,145	401,441	362,338	385,018	436,625
1,373,230	1,441,133	1,462,915	1,521,640	1,591,993	1,619,491	1,724,706	1,846,632
	_	_	_			_	_
157,308	155,880	183,515	196,732	(212,281)	712,739	941,726	282,066
(85,881)	(646,775)	548,580	_	(197,359)	_	_	4,313
(1,015,082)	(1,005,786)	(1,051,008)	(1,122,454)	(1,160,078)	(1,209,850)	(1,299,501)	(1,491,511)
801,870	318,114	1,507,497	981,063	423,716	1,484,718	1,751,949	1,078,125
18,729,305	19,531,175	19,849,289	21,356,786	22,337,849	22,761,565	24,246,283	25,998,232
19,531,175	19,849,289	21,356,786	22,337,849	22,761,565	24,246,283	25,998,232	27,076,357
416,346	432,283	450,110	386,561	458,591	470,206	435,150	386,097
165,846	157,512	164,407	174,408	166,963	176,327	199,610	206,323
1,076,486	3,004,996	(1,070,126)	3,371,907	2,945,759	3,866,554	(3,323,733)	2,417,163
(1,015,082)	(1,005,786)	(1,051,008)	(1,122,454)	(1,160,078)	(1,209,850)	(1,299,501)	(1,491,511)
225,414	(423,675)	368,105	108,326	(101,199)	197,456	(92,598)	635,889
869,010	2,165,330	(1,138,512)	2,918,748	2,310,036	3,500,693	(4,081,072)	2,153,961
15,784,557	16,653,567	18,818,897	17,680,385	20,599,133	22,909,169	26,409,862	22,328,790
16,653,567	18,818,897	17,680,385	20,599,133	22,909,169	26,409,862	22,328,790	24,482,751
2,877,608	1,030,392	3,676,401	1,738,716	(147,604)	(2,163,579)	3,669,442	2,593,606
85.27%	94.81%	82.79%	92.22%	100.65%	108.92%	85.89%	90.42%
2 265 763	2.500.250	0.650.40:	2.722.51	2.712.222	2.010.250	4.407.701	4 50 4 0 50
3,365,768	3,500,269	3,653,494	3,720,514	3,710,283	3,918,379	4,435,781	4,584,959
05.500/	20.4497	100 (20)	46.7204	(2.000/)	(55.000/)	02.722	56.5704
85.50%	29.44%	100.63%	46.73%	(3.98%)	(55.22%)	82.72%	56.57%

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bue	dget	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 9,158,000	9,158,000	9,190,983
Intergovernmental			
Replacement Taxes	203,000	203,000	188,076
Grants	88,000	88,000	92,282
Donations and Gifts	5,000	5,000	_
Charges for Services	26,700	26,700	32,777
Program Fees	8,000	8,000	400
Interest	120,000	120,000	279,936
Miscellaneous	300	300	55,737
Total Revenues	9,609,000	9,609,000	9,840,191
Expenditures			
Culture and Recreation	9,342,016	9,342,016	8,672,215
Capital Outlay	178,000	178,000	142,341
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	711,000	711,000	759,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	271,000	271,000	237,426
Total Expenditures	10,502,016	10,502,016	9,810,982
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(893,016)	(893,016)	29,209
Other Financing Sources			
Debt Issuance			43,765
Transfers In			555,776
Total Other Financing Sources			599,541
Changes in Fund Balance	(893,016)	(893,016)	628,750
Fund Balance - Beginning		-	4,008,666
Fund Balance - Ending		:	4,637,416

### IMRF and Social Security Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budg	et	
		Original	Final	Actual
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$	783,000	783,000	785,942
Expenditures Culture and Recreation IMRF and Social Security		930,000	930,000	803,774
Changes in Fund Balance	_	(147,000)	(147,000)	(17,832)
Fund Balance - Beginning			_	235,429
Fund Balance - Ending			_	217,597

### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Governmental Fund General Fund

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

#### **IMRF** and Social Security Fund

The IMRF and Social Security Fund is used to account for the revenues derived from specific annual property tax levies to fund payments to the state controlled pension fund and federally administered social security.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

Capital Projects Funds are created to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

#### **Special Reserve Fund**

The Special Reserve Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets.

#### PERMANENT FUND

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

#### **Working Cash Fund**

The Working Cash Fund is used to account for payments for general government expenditures if tax revenue is temporarily unavailable. Upon receipt of tax revenues, the General Fund must repay this permanent fund.

### General Fund Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Buds	Budget			
	Original	Final	Actual		
Culture and Recreation					
Personnel					
Salaries - Operating Regular	\$ 5,302,000	5,302,000	5,215,283		
Health Insurance	641,000	641,000	682,139		
Staff Development	65,000	65,000	37,927		
Total Personnel	6,008,000	6,008,000	5,935,349		
Library Materials	1,278,000	1,278,000	1,159,143		
Operating Expenditures					
Processing	49,000	49,000	38,497		
Supplies	139,000	139,000	127,833		
Vehicle Operations	162,000	162,000	11,152		
Computer Operations	771,000	771,000	677,487		
Utilities	153,000	153,000	178,167		
Telephone	37,000	37,000	28,070		
Postage	13,000	13,000	10,498		
Maintenance	175,000	175,000	133,591		
Repairs	124,999	124,999	97,784		
Insurance	77,016	77,016	57,254		
Professional Services	113,000	113,000	73,180		
Community Relations	192,001	192,001	144,210		
Total Operating Expenditures	2,006,016	2,006,016	1,577,723		
Contingency	50,000	50,000	_		
Total Culture and Recreation	9,342,016	9,342,016	8,672,215		
Capital Outlay	178,000	178,000	142,341		
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	711,000	711,000	759,000		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	271,000	271,000	237,426		
	982,000	982,000	996,426		
Total Expenditures	10,502,016	10,502,016	9,810,982		

### SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

# Long-Term Debt Requirements General Obligation Refunding Debt Certificates (Limited Tax) of 2015A June 30, 2024

Date of Issue October 6, 2015
Date of Maturity February 1, 2028
Authorized Issue \$3,390,000
Interest Rate 2.31%
Interest Dates February 1 and August 1
Principal Maturity Date February 1
Payable at JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

### CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal					
Year	]	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2025	\$	330,000	25,674	355,674	
2026		325,000	18,042	343,042	
2027		330,000	10,524	340,524	
2028		125,000	2,892	127,892	
	<u>-</u>				
		1,110,000	57,132	1,167,132	

Long-Term Debt Requirements Refunding Debt Certificates of 2016 June 30, 2024

Date of Issue October 19, 2016
Date of Maturity February 1, 2029
Authorized Issue \$4,845,000
Interest Rate 1.84%
Interest Dates February 1 and August 1
Principal Maturity Date February 1
Payable at JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

### CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal					
Year	]	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2025	\$	345,000	45,540	390,540	
2026		370,000	39,192	409,192	
2027		385,000	32,384	417,384	
2028		605,000	25,300	630,300	
2029		770,000	14,168	784,168	
	<u>-</u>				
		2,475,000	156,584	2,631,584	

Long-Term Debt Requirements Debt Certificates of 2019 June 30, 2024

Date of Issue March 5, 2019
Date of Maturity February 1, 2039
Authorized Issue \$4,433,000
Interest Rate \$3.62%
Interest Dates February 1 and August 1
Principal Maturity Date February 1
Payable at Capital One Public Funding, LLC

### CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal					
Year	F	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2025	\$	86,000	149,578	235,578	
2026		83,000	146,466	229,466	
2027		80,000	143,460	223,460	
2028		83,000	140,564	223,564	
2029		60,000	137,560	197,560	
2030		96,000	135,388	231,388	
2031		350,000	131,912	481,912	
2032		362,000	119,242	481,242	
2033		375,000	106,138	481,138	
2034		389,000	92,564	481,564	
2035		403,000	78,482	481,482	
2036		418,000	63,894	481,894	
2037		433,000	48,762	481,762	
2038		449,000	33,086	482,086	
2039		465,000	16,840	481,840	
		4,132,000	1,543,936	5,675,936	

Schedule of Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Tax Extensions and Tax Collections - Last Five Tax Levy Years

June 30, 2024

Tax Levy Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assessed Valuations	\$ 3,343,941,545	3,317,977,286	3,322,099,839	3,468,770,403	3,620,061,217
Date adopted	11/19/2019	11/17/2020	11/16/2021	11/16/2022	11/21/2023
Tax Rates					
General	0.260681	0.260681	0.266162	0.265324	0.262652
Social Security and IMRF	0.022764	0.025000	0.025196	0.022689	0.023205
Total Tax Rates	0.283445	0.285681	0.291358	0.288013	0.285857
Tax Extensions	9,478,235	9,478,068	9,679,204	9,990,510	10,348,198
Total Tax Collections	9,444,134	9,418,516	9,641,274	9,974,957	5,235,427
Percent Collected	99.64%	99.37%	99.61%	99.84%	50.59%